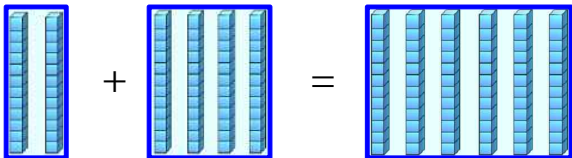


1-2	수학 기초 학습		날짜: _____
	단원	덧셈과 뺄셈(1)	_____ 학년 반 번
	주제	덧셈하기(3) / 덧셈하기(4)	이름: _____

1. 덧셈하기(3) : (몇 십) + (몇 십)

① 20 + 40의 계산



$20 + 40 = 60$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ + 40 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 20 \\ + 40 \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 20 \\ + 40 \\ \hline 60 \end{array}$$

<연습문제>

(1) 계산을 하시오.

1)

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ + 30 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

2)

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ + 20 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

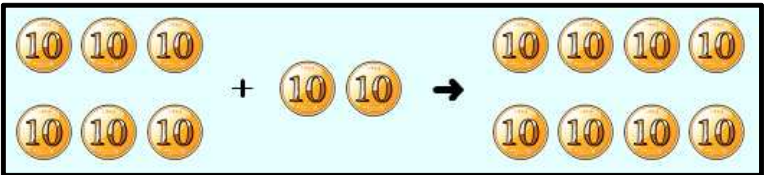
3)

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ + 30 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

4) $40 + 30 = \square$

5) $80 + 10 = \square$

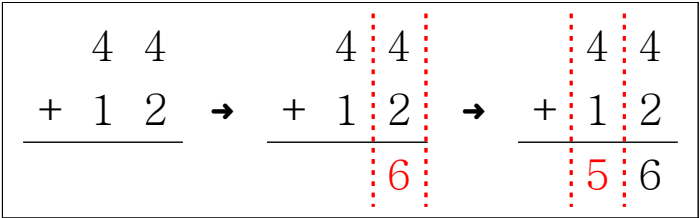
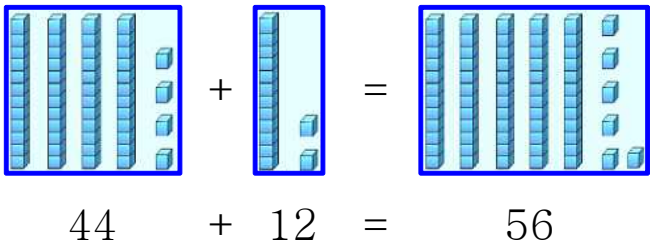
(2) 그림을 보고 안에 알맞은 말을 써넣으시오.



$$60 + 20 = \square$$

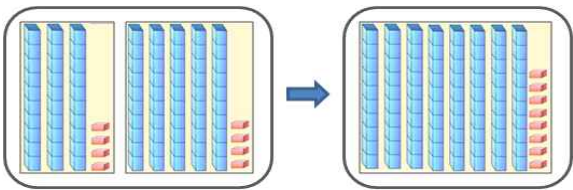
2. 덧셈하기(4) : (몇 십 몇) + (몇 십 몇)

① 44 + 12의 계산



<연습문제>

(1) 그림을 보고 덧셈을 하시오.



(2) 계산을 하시오.

1)

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ + 42 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2)

$$\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ + 21 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

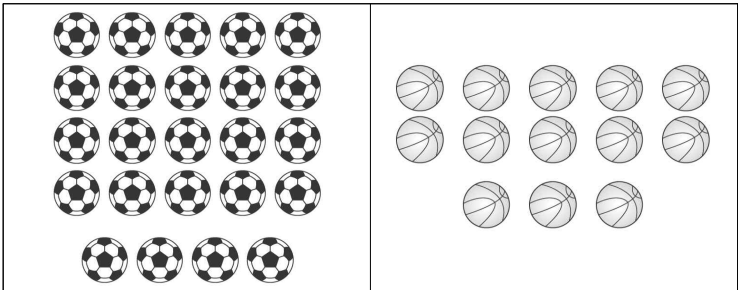
3)

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ + 52 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4) 62 + 13 =

5) 22 + 61 =

(3) 축구공이 24개, 농구공이 13개가 있습니다. 그림을 보고 덧셈을 하시오.



24 + 13 =